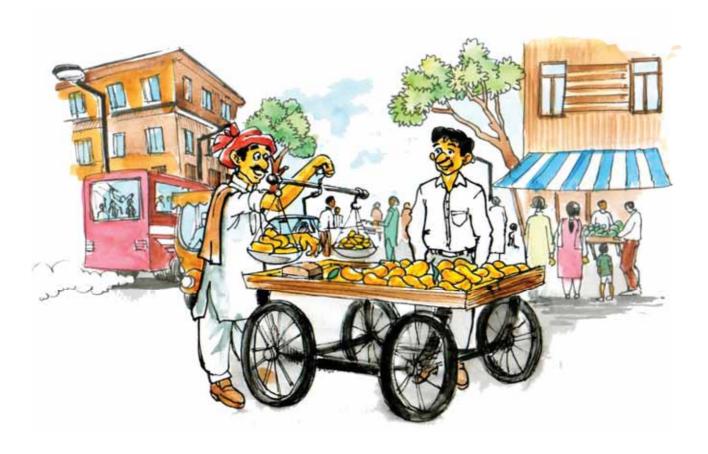


Annual Report **2016**



Aam key Aam Guthliyon key Daam



MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

Rated: 'AM2++' by PACRA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

01	Vision, Mission & Core Value	02
02	Fund's Information	03
03	Report of the Director of Management Company	04
04	Report of the Fund Manager	15
05	Trustee Report to the Unit Holders	17
06	Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	18
07	Review Report to the Unit Holders on the Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance	20
08	Independent Auditors' Report to the Unit Holders	21
09	Statement of Assets and Liabilities	22
10	Income Statement	23
11	Statement of Comprehensive Income	24
12	Distribution Statement	25
13	Statement of Movement in Unit Holders' Fund	26
14	Cash Flow Statement	27
15	Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Statements	28
16	Pattern of Holding as Per Requirement of Code of Corporate Governance	54
17	Pattern of Units Holding By Size	55
18	Performance Table	56

Vision

To become synonymous with Savings.

Mission

To become a preferred Savings and Investment Manager in the domestic and regional markets, while maximizing stakeholder's value.

Core Values

The Company takes pride in its orientation towards client service. It believes that its key success factors include continuous investment in staff, systems and capacity building, and its insistence on universal best practices at all times.

FUND'S INFORMATION

Management Company MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centrepoint, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway,

Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Board of Directors Mian Muhammad Mansha Chairman

Mr. Nasim Beg Vice Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah
Mr. Haroun Rashid
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir
Mr. Samad A. Habib
Director
Mr. Mirza Mahmood Ahmad
Director

Audit Committee Mr. Haroun Rashid Chairman

Mr. Ahmed Jahangir Member
Mr. Samad A. Habib Member
Mr. Nasim Beg Member

Human Resource &Dr. Syed Salman Ali ShahChairmanRemuneration CommitteeMr. Nasim BegMember

Mr. Haroun Rashid Member
Mr. Ahmed Jehangir Member

Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Muhammad Asif Mehdi

Company Secretary Mr. Abdul Basit

Trustee Central Despository Company of Pakistan Limited

CDC House, 99-B Block 'B' S.M.C.H.S, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400

Bankers MCB Bank Limited

United Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited

Deutsche Bank

Bank Al-Habib Limited Faysal Bank Limited

Habib Metropoliton Bank Limited

NIB Bank Limited

Auditors Deloitte Yousuf Adil

Chartered Accountants

Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal,

Karachi-75350.

Legal Advisor Bawaney & Partners

3rd & 4th Floor, 68 C, Lane 13, Bukhari Commercial Area,

Phase VI, DHA, Karachi.

Transfer Agent MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centrepoint, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway,

Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi.

Rating AM2 ++ Asset Manager Rating assigned by PACRA

Dear Investor,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present Pakistan Income Fund's accounts review for the year ended June 30th, 2016.

ECONOMY AND MONEY MARKET OVERVIEW

Economic trajectory kept on improving with each passing month of this year. The blessing in disguise came from further plunge in oil prices, which succumbed to expanding supply glut lead by weaker global demand, increase inflows from Iran post removal of sanctions and resilience of shale producers. The lower oil prices helped curtail the inflationary pressures along with the import bill. However, exports kept on falling amid stiff competition and weak demand outlook.

Inflation during the outgoing year continued to remain benign triggered by subdued oil prices and higher base effect of last year. Inflation averaged around 2.85% for the year whereas, average for first half of the year remained close to 2%. Despite the withering of the low base effect from 3QFY16, inflationary pressures remained well anchored supported by dip in oil prices in 3QFY16 and government's decision to defer the increase in prices of petroleum products along with recovery in crude.

Exports continued to remain problematic for balance of payments position over the year decreasing by \sim 9% relative to last year. Lower commodity prices induced by weak global demand, slowdown in target markets and relatively unfavorable rupee-dollar parity versus competitors continued to cause worries for the current account position. Adding to trade deficit imports reduced only be about 3.5% as benefit of lower oil prices was offset by higher import of machinery for power while significantly lower cotton production also had to be filled in with imports. Remittances though remained resilient to weak economic outlook of gulf economies posting an increase of \sim 6%. Balance of Payment position however closed on in net surplus of USD 1.05 billion through external borrowings and disbursements from multilateral agencies.

The industrial growth picked up during the year with Large Scale Manufacturing index posting an increase of 3.26% YoY (July-May 2016). The noteworthy contribution came from autos, cement, power and consumer segment.

On the fiscal front, the government managed to contain the fiscal deficit at 4.3% of GDP in the FY16 against 5.3% in FY15. The Government is targeting FY17 deficit of 3.8% of GDP.

The monetary policy committee decreased the policy rate by a cumulative 75 bps during the fiscal year. Status quo was kept after reducing 50 bps in September for 6 months. Despite, the monetary policy board maintaining a cautious view relative to remittances, reversal in oil prices, non-oil imports and foreign market considerations, the monetary policy board decided to reduce policy rate by 25 bps in May.

Positive balance of foreign flows, improved external account outlook and strong foreign exchange reserves balance of near USD 23 billion along with strict vigilance of SBP kept the rupee relatively stable during the year.

M2 growth gained traction with FY16 growth of 13.67%. Net Domestic Assets, supported by increase net non-government borrowing of PKR 267 billion, increased by PKR 253 billion.

State Bank of Pakistan conducted Ijara Sukuk auction based on fixed rate rental arrangement providing yields of 6.10% and 5.59% in the successive auctions allowing comparatively lucrative avenue for Islamic financial industry.

Yield Curve shifted downward further which remains more influenced by outlook for improved fiscal deficit, better foreign inflows, issuance of Ijara Sukuk (near Rs. 200 Billion) and liquidity pressure after maturity of PIBs worth ~PKR 1.4 trillion.

FUND PERFORMANCE

During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 6.14% as against its benchmark return of 6.97%.

At period-end, the fund was 21.7% invested in Treasury Bills, 22.9% in TFCs, 27.2% in PIBs and 25.7% in Cash. Weighted average maturity of the fund increased to 2.3 years at period end compared to 2.1 years at June 2015 end as per anticipation of declining interest rate outlook during the year.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2016 stood at Rs. 1,050 million as compared to Rs. 1,131 million as at June 30, 2015 registering a decrease of 7%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2016 was Rs. 53.61 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.42 per unit as at June 30, 2015 registering a slight increase of Rs. 0.19 per unit.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Given current global economic environment, the local economic scorecard is expected to remain stable. The oil prices are expected to remain range bound with refineries having ample stock piles of petroleum products, increase in rig counts along with recovery in oil prices, along with low probability of major oil producers reaching any agreement to curtail supply. The weak global outlook evident from slow down in China, Bank of Japan and European Central Bank adopting negative interest rates is also a concern for the commodities market along with global uncertainty after Britain exited European Union. The weak global commodity outlook would keep import bill on the lower end, but as a result recovery in exports may also be delayed.

The average Consumer Price Index is expected to remain below 5% for the year. Whereas, stability in oil prices & exchange rate would allow inflation over the first half to remain well anchored around 4% thus framework remains favorable for a stable monetary policy environment with room for easing subject to stability on external front.

Fiscal deficit is expected to remain controlled and progressive upward economic growth targets appear achievable with enough room for the government to bring required structural changes in the economy. The incumbent government's aggressive plans for power sector would also weigh on the import bill with extensive import of power machinery keeping current account in check.

The Pakistani rupee is expected to show further resilience backed by strong foreign inflows lined up for next year. Risks to external account remain high as the major support in balance of payment account is through flows that are uncertain and self fulfilling as they are also contingent upon favorable external account environment.

The macro stability along with China Pakistan Economic Corridor is expected to provide impetus to the construction and power space. Furthermore, expansionary cycle along with stable interest rate environment is expected to provide better global positioning compared with other emerging market economies. Construction and steel sector is expected to remain the proxy for infrastructure led economic growth. Long term stability in oil prices is expected to provide impetus to exploration & production sector driven by exploration growth. Banks are expected to gain limelight with stability in interest rates along with growth in advances and focus is on the attractive Price to Book ratios. The up gradation into the emerging markets index would provide impetus for foreign flows into KSE-100 index and would lead to re-rating of market towards higher multiples.

Corporate Governance

The Fund is committed to implement the highest standards of corporate governance and the Board of Directors of Management Company is accountable to the unit holders for good corporate governance. Management is continuing to comply with the provisions of best practices set out in the code of corporate governance particularly with regard to independence of non-executive directors. The Fund remains committed to conduct business in line with listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange, which clearly defined the role and responsibilities of Board of Directors and Management.

The following specific statements are being given to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance:

- a. Financial statements present fairly the state of affairs, the results of operations, cash flows and changes in unit holders' fund.
- b. Proper books of accounts of the fund have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, provisions of the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment & Regulations) Rules, 2003, Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008, requirements of the respective Trust Deeds and directives issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored with ongoing efforts to improve it further.
- f. There are no doubts what so ever upon the Fund's ability to continue as going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

- h. Key financial data as required by the Code of Corporate Governance has been summarized in the financial statements.
- i. Outstanding statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges, if any have been fully disclosed in the financial statements.
- j. The statement as to the value of investments of provident fund is not applicable on the Fund but applies to the Management Company; hence no disclosure has been made in the Directors' Report of the Management Company.
- k. During the year Chief Executive Officer has attended the Directors' Training Program organized by the Institute of Chartered Accounts in Pakistan. (All other the directors have completed the course or they are exempted from attending training course due to sufficient working experience.)
- 1. The detailed pattern of unit holding, as required by NBFC Regulations and the Code of Corporate Governance are enclosed.
- m. The details of attendance of Board of Directors meeting is disclosed in note 24 to the attached financial statements. Below is the details of committee meetings held during the year ended June 30, 2016:

1. Meeting of the Audit Committee.

During the year, four (4) meetings of the Audit Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

			Number of meetings			
	Name of Persons	Number of meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1	Mr. Haroun Rashid (Chairman)	4	4	4	-	
2	Mr. Samad A. Habib	4	4	3	1	
3	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	4	4	4	-	
4	Mr. Nasim Beg*	-	-	-	-	

• With effect from April 18, 2016, he was added as a member of the Audit Committee after which no meeting of the Audit Committee was held during the year.

2. Meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

During the year, six (6) meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were held. The attendance of each participant is as follows:

			Number of meetings			
Name of Persons		Number of meetings	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	
1	Dr. Syed Salman Shah	6	6	6	-	
2	Mr. Nasim Beg	6	6	5	1	
3	Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	6	6	5	1	
4	Mr. Haroun Rashid	6	6	3	3	
5	Mr. Yasir Qadri *	2	2	2	-	
6	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem **	1	1	1	-	

^{*} Resigned from the post of CEO after 2^{nd} meeting.

^{**} Attended 6th meeting as Acting CEO.

n. The trades in the Units of the Fund was carried out during the year by Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer and Company Secretary, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Internal Auditor of the Management Company and their spouses and minor children.

S. No.	Name	Designation	Investment	Redemption	Dividend Distribution
				(Number of Units)	
1	Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	-	2995	-
2	Asif Mehdi	Chief Financial Officer	-	3745	-
3	Abdul Basit	Company Secretary	-	-	
4	Fahad Sultan	Chief Internal Auditor	-	-	-

External Auditors

The fund's external auditors, Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants, have retired after the conclusion of audit for current year. Due to completion of maximum time allowed under offering document of the fund, they are not eligible for reappointment. The audit committee of the Board has recommended appointment of A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants as auditors of the fund for the year ending June 30, 2017.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board is thankful to the Fund's valued investors, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Trustees of the Fund for their continued cooperation and support. The Directors also appreciate the efforts put in by the management team.

On behalf of Directors,

Muhammad Saqib Saleem

Chief Executive Officer

August 05, 2016

ڈ یو یڈنڈ کی تقسیم	Redemption	سر ماییکاری	عہدہ	نام	نمبرشار
	بونٹس کی تعداد				
_	2,995	-	چيف الگزيکٹوآفيسر	محمد ثا قب سليم	.1
-	3,745	-	چيف فنانشل آفيسر	محدآ صف مهدی رضوی	.2
-	-	-	سمپنی سیرٹری	عبدالباسط	.3
-	-	-	چيف انٹرنل آڏيٽر	فهدسلطان	.4

خارجي آ ڈيٹرز

فنڈ کے خارجی آڈیٹرز' ڈیلائیٹ یوسف عادل، چارٹرڈاکا وَنٹنٹس''موجودہ سال کے آڈٹ کے اختتام کے بعدریٹائر ہوگئے ہیں۔ چونکہ فنڈ کے آفرنگ دستاویز میں جس زیادہ سے زیادہ مدّت کی اجازت دی گئی ہے وہ کممل ہو چکی ہے، اس لئے ان کی دوبارہ تقرری نہیں کی جاسکتی۔ بورڈ کی آڈٹ میٹی نے 30 جون 2017ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے فنڈ کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پراے ایف فرگوس اینڈ کے میٹنی چارٹرڈاکا وَنٹنٹس کی تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

اظهارتشكر

بورڈ فنڈ کے گراں قدرسر مایہ کاروں ،سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکسچنج نمیشن آف پاکستان اور فنڈ کے Trustees کی مسلسل معاونت اور پشت پناہی کے لئے شکر گزار ہے۔علاوہ ازیں ، ڈائر یکٹر زمینجمنٹ ٹیم کی کوششوں کو بھی خراج تحسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

من جانب ڈائر یکٹرز،

محمد ثاقب سليم محمد ثاقب سليم چيف الگرزيگؤ آفيسر 05 اگست 2016ء

08

1. آڈٹ کمیٹی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال آوٹ میٹی کی جار (04) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد				
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبهحاضري	منعقده میٹنگز کی تعداد	نام
_	4	4	4	1. جناب ہارون رشید (چیئر مین)
1	3	4	4	2. جناب صمدار حبيب
-	4	4	4	3. جناب احمد جهانگير
_	-	_	-	4. جناب شيم بيگ *

^{*} آپ کو 18 اپریل 2016ء کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے رُکن کی حیثیت سے شامل کیا گیا جس کے بعدآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی کوئی میٹنگ نہیں ہوئی۔

2. هیومن ریسورس ایندر میونریش ممینی کی میٹنگ

دورانِ سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ رمیوزیش کمیٹی کی چیر (06) میٹنگز منعقد ہوئیں۔ شرکاء کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے:

میٹنگز کی تعداد				
منظورشده رخصت	حاضري	مطلوبه حاضري	منعقده ميثنگز کی تعداد	نام
-	6	6	6	1. جناب سيّر سلمان شاه
1	5	6	6	2. جناب نیم بیگ
1	5	6	6	3. جناب احمد جهانگير
3	3	6	6	4. جناب ہارون رشید
_	2	2	2	5. جناب ياسرقادرى *
-	1	1	1	6. جناب محمدثا قب سليم **

^{*} دوسری میٹنگ کے بعد ہی ای او کے عہدے سے منتعفیٰ ہوگئے۔

n. دورانِ سال مینجمنٹ کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز، چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر، چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسراور کمپنی سیکرٹری، چیف فنانشل آفیسراور چیف انٹزل آڈیٹراوران کے شوہر / کی بیوی اور نابالغ بچّوں نے فنڈ کے یوٹٹس کی خرید وفروخت کی۔

^{**} چیمٹی میٹنگ میں قائم مقام سی ای او کے طور پر شرکت کی۔

ذیل میں کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ واخلاق کی شرائط کی تمیل کے لئے خصوصی بیانات دیئے جارہے ہیں:

- a. مالیاتی گوشوارے یونٹ ہولڈرز کے فنڈ کے معاملات کی صورتحال ،اس کی سرگرمیوں کے نتائج ،نقذ کی آمدورفت اور تبدیلیوں کی منصفانہ عکاسی کرتے ہیں۔
 - b. فنڈ کی درُست بُکس آف اکا وَنٹس تیار کی گئی ہیں۔
- c مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میںموزوں اکا وَنٹنگ یالیسیوں کا اطلاق کیا گیاہے اورا کا وَنٹنگ تخمینے معقول اورمخاط اندازوں پربنی ہیں۔
- d. مالیاتی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات، جس حد تک ان کا یا کستان میں اطلاق ہوتا ہے، Non-
- بينكنگ فنانس كمپنيز (اسابلشمنك اورريگيوليشنز) كے ضوابط، 2003ء، Non- بينكنگ فنانس ايند نو ثيفائيدًان الله الدير ريگيوليشنز،
- 2008ء ، متعلقہ ٹرسٹ Deeds کی شرائط اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایسی کی کمیشن آف یا کستان کی جاری کردہ ہدایات کی تخمیل کی گئی ہے۔
- انٹرنل کنٹرول کا نظام مشحکم خطوط پراستوار اور نافذ ہے اور اس کی مؤثر ٹگرانی کی جاتی ہے، اور اسے مزید بہتر بنانے کی کوششیں حاری ہیں۔
 - f. کمپنی کے کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت میں کوئی شبہات نہیں ہیں۔
 - g. لسٹنگ قوانین میں تفصیلاً بیان کردہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کی بہترین روایات سے کوئی قابلِ ذکرانحراف نہیں کیا گیا ہے۔
 - h. کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ واخلاق کے مطابق مطلوبہ کلیدی مالیاتی اعداد وشار کا خلاصہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ ملحق ہے۔
- i. واجبُ الا داءُ سيسز، ڈيوٹيز مجصولات اور جارجز (اگر کوئی ہیں تو) ملحقه آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشواروں میں مکمل طور پر ظاہر کیے گئے ہیں۔
- j. پراویڈنٹ فنڈ میں سر مایہ کاریوں کی مالیت کے اسٹیٹمنٹ کا اطلاق فنڈ پرنہیں ہوتا لیکن مینجمنٹ کمپنی پر ہوتا ہے، چنانچے مینجمنٹ کمپنی کی ڈائز کیٹرزریورٹ میں اس حوالے سے کوئی معلومات ظاہرنہیں کی گئی ہیں۔
- k. دورانِ سال دی انسٹیٹیوٹ آف جارٹرڈ اکا وَنٹٹش آف پاکستان کے منعقدہ ڈائر کیٹرز تربیتی پروگرام میں چیف ایگز کیٹوآفیسر نے شرکت کی۔(باقی تمام ڈائر کیٹرزییتربیتی کورس کممل کر چکے ہیں، یا خاطرخواہ تجربے کی بنیاد پراس سے مشتیٰ ہیں۔)
- این فی ایف ی کے قواعد وضوابط اور کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہء اخلاق کے تحت مطلوب یونٹ ہولڈنگ کا تفصیلی pattern
 مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ ملحق ہے۔
- m. بوردُ آف دُائرَ يكٹرز كى ميٹنگ ميں حاضرى كى تفصيلات ملحقه مالياتى گوشواروں كنوٹ 24 ميں پيش كى گئى ہيں۔ 30 جون 2016ء كوختم ہونے والے سال كے دوران ہونے والى تميٹى ميٹنگز كى تفصيلات درج ذيل ہيں:

اوراس میں کسی عضر کو بیرونی جہت میں مشحکم کرنے کی گنجائش موجود ہے۔

مالیاتی خسارہ متوقع طور پر قابو میں رہے گا اور ترقی کے مثبت اہداف قابلِ حصول نظر آ رہے ہیں، اور حکومت کے پاس معیشت میں ساخت سے متعلق مطلوبہ تبدیلیاں لانے کی گنجائش موجود ہے۔علاوہ ازیں، بجلی کے شعبے کے لئے حکومت کے ناگز برمتحر گ منصوبے در آمداتی بل پر بوجھ ڈالیس گے اور بجلی کی مشینری کی بڑے پیانے پر در آمد سے کرنٹ اکا وُنٹ قابومیں رہے گا۔

پاکستانی روپیہ متوقع طور پرمزید کچک کا مظاہرہ کرے گا کیونکہ اسے اگلے سال بھر پورغیرمُلکی آمدات کی پشت پناہی حاصل ہوگی۔ایکسٹرنل اکا ؤنٹ کے خطرات بدستور بلند ہیں کیونکہ ادائیکیوں کے توازن کے اکا ؤنٹ میں بڑی مددآ مدات سے ہوتی ہے، جوغیریقینی اور ناگزیر ہیں،جس کی ایک وجہ پیجھی ہے کہ وہ بیرونی اکا ؤنٹ کے موافق ماحول پر مخصر ہیں۔

مجموعی استحام اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ چین پاکستان معاشی راہداری متوقع طور پر تغییر اور بجل کے شعبے میں تیزی لا کیں گے۔علاوہ ازیں،
توسیعی چگر اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ ساتھ انٹریسٹ کی شرح کے متحکم ماحول ہے دیگر اُ بھرتی ہوئی مارکیٹ کی معیشتوں کے مقابلے میں عالمی سطح پر
بہتر درجہ بندی متوقع ہے۔ تغمیر اور اسٹیل کے شعبے متوقع طور پر انفر اسٹر کچر پر مبنی معاشی ترقی کے متبادل بنے رہیں گے۔ تیل کی قیمتوں میں
طویل المیعاد استحکام متوقع طور پر ایکسپلوریشن اور پیداوار کے شعبے کو ایکسپلوریشن میں ترقی کے ذریعے تحریک فراہم کرے گا۔ بینک متوقع
طور پر انٹریسٹ کی شرح میں استحکام اور ایڈوانسز میں اضافے کے سبب منظر عام پر آئیں گے، اور پُرکشش Price to Book

لادی سبب کی نظریں ہیں۔ اُ بھرتی ہوئی مارکیٹس میں پاکستان کی دوبارہ درجہ بندی سے غیرمُلکی آمدات کے لئے

KSE-100

KSE-100

نظریکس میں تیزی آسکتی ہے اور مارکیٹ کی شرح کے دوبارہ تعیّن اور اس میں اضافے کی راہ ہموار ہوگی۔

كار بوريث گورنينس

فنڈ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے اعلیٰ ترین معیارات نافذ کرنے کے لئے کوشاں ہے، اور مینجمنٹ کمپنی کا بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزعمرہ کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے ضابطہ ءاخلاق کی بہترین طریقوں سے متعلق شقوں، خاص طور پر غیرا گیزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرز کی خودمختاری کے حوالے سے شق، کی بدستور تعمیل کررہی ہے۔ فنڈ پاکستان اسٹاک ایجیج نے کے کسٹنگ ضوابط کے مطابق کاروبار چلانے پر بدستورکار بند ہے جس میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اورانتظامیہ کے کرداراور ذمہ داریوں کو پالنفصیل واضح کیا گیا

فنڈ کی کارکردگی

زیر جائز ہمدت کے دوران فنڈنے منافع کے متعین شدہ معیار %6.97 کے مقابلے میں سال بھرمیں %6.14 منافع کمایا۔

اختتام مِد ت پر فنڈ کا سرمایہ ٹریژری بلز میں %TFCs ، 21.7 میں %PIBs ، 22.9 میں %27.2 اور نقد میں %25.7 کا مواقعا۔ لگا ہوا تھا۔

30 جون 2016ء کوفنڈ کے net اٹاثے 1,050 ملکین روپے تھے جبکہ 30 جون 2015ء کو 1,131 ملکین روپے تھے، لینی 7% کی ہوئی۔

30 جون 2016ء کو Net Asset Value (NAV) فی یونٹ 53.61 روپے تھی جبکہ 30 جون 2015ء کو ابتدائی NAV فی یونٹ 53.42 روپے تھی ، یعنی 0.19 روپے فی یونٹ اضافہ ہوا۔

مستقبل كي صور تحال

موجودہ عالمی معاثی ماحول کو دیکھتے ہوئے مقامی معاثی صورتحال متوقع طور پر متحکم رہے گی۔ تیل کی قیمتیں آئل ریفائنر بر میں پٹرول کی مصنوعات کے فاطرخواہ اسٹاک، rig کی تعداد میں اضافے اور تیل کی قیمتوں کی وصولی کی وجہ سے متوقع طور پر قابلِ رسائی رہیں گی ، اور اس وجہ سے بھی کہ اس بات کی توقع بہت کم ہے کہ بڑے آئل پروڈ یوسرز رسدکو کم کرنے کے مقصد سے کوئی معاہدہ کریں گے۔ چین میں مندی سے کمزور عالمی صورتحال کی عکاسی ہوتی ہے ، اور بینک آف جاپان اور یور پین سینٹرل بینک کا انٹریسٹ کی منفی شرحیں اختیار کرنا بھی اشیاء کی مارکیٹ کے لئے ایک تثویش ناک امر ہے ، اور اس کے ساتھ سرطانیہ کے یور پی یونین کوخیر باد کہدو سے کے بعد عالمی سطح پر غیر بینی صورتحال ۔ عالمی سطح پر اشیاء کی کمزور صورتحال کے باعث درآ مداتی بل کمزور رہے گالین اس کے نتیج میں برآ مدات کی وصولی بھی تاخیر کا شکار ہو سکتی ہے۔

سالِ مذکورہ کا اوسط کنزیومر پرائس انڈیکس متوقع طور پر%5 سے کم رہےگا۔جبکہ تیل قیمتوں اور زیمبادلہ کی شرح میں استحکام کی بدولت افراطِ زر پہلی ششماہی میں تقریبًا %4 کی سطح پر قابومیں رہے گا، چنانچہ ایک مشتحکم مانیٹری پالیسی کے ماحول کے لئے فریم ورک موافق ہے

صنعتی ترقی میں اس سال تیزی آئی جیسا کہ بڑے پیانے پرمینو کی چرنگ کے انڈیس میں %3.26 Yoy (جولائی -مئی2016ء) اضافے سے ظاہر ہے۔گاڑیوں، سیمنٹ، بجلی اور صارفین کے شعبوں نے قابلِ ذکر کر دارادا کیا۔

مالیاتی میدان میں حکومت نے مالی سال 2016ء میں مالیاتی خسارے کو مجموعی مُلکی پیداوار (GDP) کے %4.3 (بالمقابل 5.3% برائے مالی سال 2015ء) سے آگے بڑھنے نہیں دیا۔ حکومت کا ہدف ہے کہ مالی سال 2017ء میں بیخسارہ GDP کے %3.8 تک کم کیا جائے۔

مانیٹری پالیسی کمیٹی نے اس سال پالیسی کی شرح کومجموعی طور پر 75 bps کم کیا۔ ستمبر میں 6 ماہ کے لئے 50 bps کم کرنے کے بعد موجودہ صور تحال برقر اررکھی گئی۔ اس کے باوجود مانیٹری پالیسی بورڈ نے ترسیلِ زر، تیل کی قیمتوں میں دوبارہ کمی ، تیل کے علاوہ دیگر اشیاء کی درآ مدات اور غیر مُلکی مارکیٹ کے معاملات سے متعلق مختاط روتیہ اختیار کرتے ہوئے مئی میں پالیسی کی شرح کو bps کم کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا۔

غیر مُلکی آمدورفت کے مثبت توازن ،ا یکسٹرنل اکاؤنٹ کی بہتر صورتحال اور تقریبًا 23 بلیّن ڈالر کے زیر مبادلہ کے مضبوط ذخائر ،اوراس کے ساتھ ساتھ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی کڑی نگرانی نے دورانِ سال روپے کوشتحکم رکھا۔

مالی سال 2016ء کی 13.67% ترقی کے ساتھ M2 ترقی نے زور پکڑا۔ Net غیر حکومتی قرض کے حصول میں 267 بلین روپے اضافے کی مددسے Net مقامی اثاثہ جات میں 253 بلین روپے اضافہ ہوا۔

اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے طے شدہ کرائے کے طریقے پر بینی اجارہ سٹ کٹ نیلا می منعقد کی ،اوراس کے بعد ہونے والی نیلامیوں میں %6.10 اور %5.59 آمدنی ہوئی جس سے اسلامی مالیاتی صنعت کے لئے نسبتاً منافع بخش راہ ہموار ہوئی۔

خمِ پیداوار مزید جھک گیا جس پربنیادی اثر مالیاتی خسارے کی بہتر صور تحال، بہتر غیر مُلکی آمدات، اجارہ سے کُک کے اجراء (تقریبًا 200 بلئین روپے) اور 1.4 ٹرلئین روپے مالیت کی PIBs کی maturity کے بعد liquidity کے دباؤ کا ہے۔

عزيزسر ماييكار

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی طرف سے' پاکتان انکم فنڈ' کے 30 جون 2016ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے اکا وَنٹس کا جائزہ پیشِ خدمت ہے۔

معيشت اور بإزارِ زركا مجموعي جائزه

اِس سال ہرگزرتے مہینے کے ساتھ معاثی صورتحال بہتر ہوتی گئی۔اس پر مزید خوش آئند بات یہ ہوئی کہ تیل کی گرتی ہوئی عالمی مانگ، ایران میں پابندیاں ختم ہونے کے بعد وہاں سے رسد میں اضافے اور shale بنانے والوں کی کچک کے باعث رسد میں غیر ضروری اضافہ ہوگیا اور تیل کی قیمتیں گرگئیں، جس کے سبب افراطِ زر کے دباؤ اور درآ مداتی بل میں بھی کمی ہوئی۔ تا ہم کڑی مسابقت اور کمزور مانگ کی وجہ سے برآ مدات مسلسل کم ہوتی چلی گئیں۔

تیل کی گری ہوئی قیمتوں اور گزشتہ سال کے بڑھے ہوئے base effect کی وجہ سے افراطِ زر اِس سال بھی موافق رہی۔ افراطِ زر کا سال بھی موافق رہی۔ افراطِ زر کا سال بھی موافق رہی۔ افراطِ زر کا سال بھی موافق رہی ہے بہت سال بھر کا اوسط تقریبًا ہے۔ ابی سے بہت پہلی ششماہی میں تقریبًا ہے۔ ابی سال 2016ء کی تیسری سہ ماہی سے بہت سال بھر کا اوسط تقریبًا ہو جودافراطِ زر کے دباؤ قابو میں رہے جس میں تیل کی قیمتوں میں کمی اور پیڑولیم مصنوعات کی قیمتوں میں اضافے کو ملتو کی کرنے کے حکومتی فیصلے اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ خام تیل کی وصولی کی معاونت شامل تھی۔

دورانِ سال برآ مدات میں گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں %9~ کی ہوئی اور ادائیگیوں کے توازن کی صورتحال برستور مشکلات کا شکار رہی ۔ عالمی سطح پراشیاء کی کمزور مانگ، مطلوبہ مارکیٹس میں سُست روی اور حریفوں کے مقابلے میں روپے اور ڈالر کے نسبتا غیر موافق تو ازن کے باعث اشیاء کی لیت قیمتوں سے کرنٹ اکا وُنٹ کی صورتحال برستورتشویش ناک رہی ۔ درآ مدات میں صرف تقریبا %3.5 کمی نے تجارتی خسارے میں اضافہ کیا کیونکہ تیل کی کم قیمتوں کا مثبت اثر بجل کے لئے مشینری کی درآ مد میں اضافے سے زائل ہو گیا جبکہ کہا سے تجارتی خسارے میں اضافہ کیا کیونکہ تیل کی کم قیمتوں کا مثبت اثر بجل کے لئے مشینری کی درآ مد میں اضافے سے زائل ہو گیا جبکہ کہا سے کہا تو اسے خلاء کو بھی درآ مدات سے پُر کرنا پڑا۔ تراسیلِ زرخایجی معیشتوں کی کمزور معاشی صورتحال کے مطابق کچکدار میں اوران میں %6~ کا اضافہ ہوا۔ تاہم ادائیگیوں کے توازن کی حتی صورتحال بیرونی قرضوں کے حصول اور کیثر الجہتی ایج نسیوں سے فراہمیوں کے ذریعے 1.05 بلئین USD فاضل پڑھی۔

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Type and Category

Pakistan Income Fund- (PIF) is an open end mutual fund and comes under income scheme. The fund primarily invests in money market and other short term instruments which includes short term corporate debt and government securities. The fund may also invest in medium term assets in order to provide higher returns to unit holders.

Fund Benchmark

The benchmark for the fund is 75% 6Months' KIBOR+ 25% 3Months' PKRV.

Investment Objective

The objective of the Fund is to deliver returns primarily from debt and fixed income investments without taking excessive risk.

Manager's Review

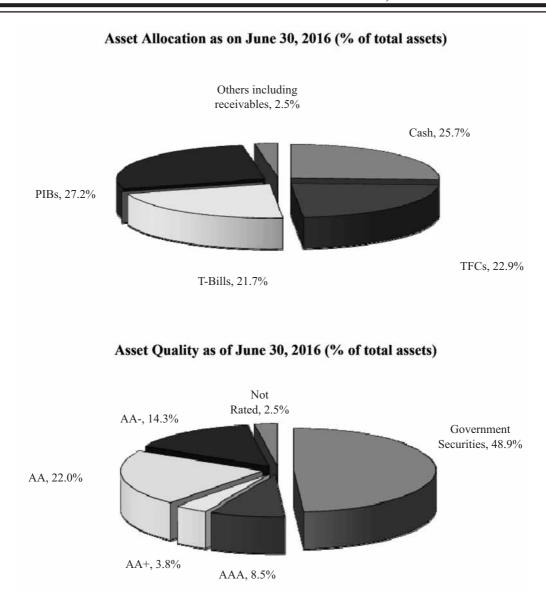
During the period under review, the fund generated an annualized return of 6.14% as against its benchmark return of 6.97%.

At period-end, the fund was 21.7% invested in Treasury Bills, 22.9% in TFCs, 27.2% in PIBs and 25.7% in Cash. Weighted average maturity of the fund increased to 2.3 years at period end compared to 2.1 years at June 2015 end as per anticipation of declining interest rate outlook during the year.

The Net Assets of the Fund as at June 30, 2016 stood at Rs. 1,050 million as compared to Rs. 1,131 million as at June 30, 2015 registering a decrease of 7%.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit as at June 30, 2016 was Rs. 53.61 as compared to opening NAV of Rs. 53.42 per unit as at June 30, 2015 registering a slight increase of Rs. 0.19 per unit.

REPORT OF THE FUND MANAGER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



Mr. Usama Iqbal Fund Manager

Karachi: August 05, 2016

TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDER FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CENTRAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY OF PAKISTAN LIMITED

Head Office:

CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400, Pakistan. Tel: (92-21) 111-111-500

Fax: (92-21) 34326020 - 23 URL: www.cdcpakistan.com Email: info@cdcpak.com







TRUSTEE REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

PAKISTAN INCOME FUND

Report of the Trustee pursuant to Regulation 41(h) and clause 9 of Schedule V of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008

We Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, being the Trustee of Pakistan Income Fund (the Fund) are of the opinion that MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited being the Management Company of the Fund has in all material respects managed the Fund during the year ended June 30, 2016 in accordance with the provisions of the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the constitutive documents of the Fund;
- (ii) The pricing, issuance and redemption of units are carried out in accordance with the requirements of the constitutive documents of the Fund; and
- (iii) The Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules, 2003, the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the constitutive documents of the Fund.

Muhammad Hanif Jakhura Chief Executive Officer

entral Depository Company of Pakistan Limited

Karachi: September 9, 2016





STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This statement is being presented by the Board of Directors of MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (the Management Company) of Pakistan Income Fund ("the fund") to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in clause no. # 5.19.23 of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Pakistan Income Fund is an open end mutual fund and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Fund, being a unit trust scheme, does not have its own Board of Directors. The Management Company, MCB-Arif Habib Saving and Investment Limited, on behalf of the Fund have applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

The Management Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors on its Board of Directors (the Board).
 At present the Board includes

Category	Names
Independent Directors	1. Dr. Salman Shah
	2. Mr. Haroun Rashid
	3. Mr. Mirza Mehmood
Executive Directors	Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem - Chief Executive Officer
Non – Executive Directors	Mian Mohammad Mansha - Chairman
	2. Mr. Nasim Beg - Vice Chairman
	3. Mr. Ahmed Jehangir
	4. Mr. Samad Habib

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1 (b) of the Code.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them are serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including the Management Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Management Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a Broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, a casual vacancy occurring on January 04, 2016 consequent to the resignation of the former Chief Executive Officer of the Company was filled up by the directors the same day through the appointment of Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem.
- 5. The Management Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct' and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Management Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Management Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive Officer, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board. The Board has also approved the appointment, remuneration and terms and conditions of appointment of the Chief Executive Officer.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. During the year, the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company and an independent director attended directors' training programs conducted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP). All the remaining directors on the Board already possess the required training or qualification and experience as required by the Code.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' Report of the Management Company for the year ended June 30, 2016 has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

- 12. The financial statements were duly endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Management Company before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and executives of the Management Company do not hold any interest in the units of the fund other than that disclosed in the pattern of unit holding.
- 14. The Management Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee for the Management Company. It comprises four members who are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of the interim and final results and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been approved by the Board and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed a Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of five members, of whom four are non-executive directors including the chairman of the committee, who is also an independent director.
- 18. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function. The Head of Internal Audit is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the fund and the Management Company.
- 19. The Board has formulated a mechanism for an annual evaluation of its own performance. The evaluation has been done by the board in the meeting held on August 05, 2016.
- 20. The statutory auditors of the Fund have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares/units of the Management Company/Fund. The firm and all its partners are also in compliance with International Federation of Accountants guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 21. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed International Federation of Accountants guidelines in this regard.
- 22. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the net assets value of the fund/market price of the Management Company's shares, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and the stock exchange.
- 23. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through the stock exchange.
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board

Muhammad Saqib Saleem Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: August 05, 2016

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21- 3454 1314

www.deloitte.com

REVIEW REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of MCB-Arif Habib Savings & Investments Limited, the Management Company (the Company) of Pakistan Income Fund (the Fund) for the year ended June 30, 2016 to comply with the requirements of clause no. 5.19 of the Listing Regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange where the Fund is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Chartered Accountants

Date: 0 5 AUG 2016 Karachi

Member of

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Deloitte.

Deloitte Yousuf Adil Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-75350 Pakistan

Tel: +92 (0) 21 3454 6494-7 Fax: +92 (0) 21- 3454 1314

www.deloitte.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Pakistan Income Fund** (the Fund), which comprise the statement of assets and liabilities as at June 30, 2016, and the income statement, statement of other comprehensive income, distribution statement, statement of movements in unit holder's fund, cash flow statement and a summary of significant accounting policies together and other explanatory notes.

Management Company's responsibility for the financial statements

Management Company of the Fund is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Fund's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Fund's financial position as at June 30, 2016 and of its financial performance, cash flows and transactions for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Report On Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 and Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008.

Deloitle young Asis
Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner Mushtaq Ali Hirani

Date: August 05, 2016

Karachi

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT JUNE 30, 2016

	Note	2016 2015 (Rupees in '000)	
ASSETS Balances with banks Investments Profit receivable Advance, deposits and prepayments Total assets	5 6 7 8	286,385 781,941 18,115 8,373 1,094,814	226,662 924,942 15,932 8,580 1,176,116
LIABILITIES			
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Payable on redemption of units Accrued expenses and other liabilities Total liabilities	9	1,673 169 909 47 41,718 44,516	1,963 174 794 47 41,690 44,668
NET ASSETS	_ _	1,050,298	1,131,448
Unit holders' fund (as per statement attached)	_	1,050,298	1,131,448
Contingencies and commitments	10		
		(Number of	•
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	-	19,592,850	21,181,575
		(Rupees)	
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	4.12	53.61	53.42

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
INCOME			,
Income from government securities		63,431	65,297
Income from term finance certificates		24,729	36,064
Profit on bank deposits		14,969	8,645
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments - net		(64)	24,988
Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments			
at fair value through profit or loss - net	6.6	1,650	4,792
(Provision) / reversal against non-performing investments - net	6.2 & 6.3	(2,895)	1,873
Other income	_	286	
Total income		102,106	141,659
EXPENSES			
Remuneration of the Management Company	11	18,181	15,876
Sales tax and Federal Excise Duty on remuneration of the Management Company		5,862	5,302
Remuneration of the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	12	1,880	1,750
Sindh sales tax on remuneration of the trustee	13	263	-
Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan -fee	14	909	794
Allocated expenses	15	818	-
Legal, professional and other charges		104	863
Settlement and bank charges		604	429
Fees and subscription		322	290
Auditors' remuneration	16	677	614
Printing and related costs		211	124
Total expenses		29,831	26,042
Net income from operating activities	_	72,275	115,617
Net element of (loss)/ income and capital (losses)/ gains			
included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed	_		
- arising from capital gain and unrealised gain		(498)	380
- arising from other income		(12,098)	1,084
D '' C W 1 1W1C E 1	0.1	(12,596)	1,464
Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	9.1	50 (70	(2,342)
Net income for the year before taxation		59,679	114,739
Taxation	17	-	-
Net income for the year after taxation	=	59,679	114,739
Earnings per unit	4.11		-

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016 (Rupees in	2015 '000)
Net income for the year after taxation	59,679	114,739
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account		
Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) in value of investments classified as available for sale - net	(183)	(1,525)
Total comprehensive income for the year	59,496	113,214

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016 (Rupees in	2015 ' 000)
Undistributed income brought forward:		
- Realised gains	49,206	13,339
- Unrealised gain	24,660	26,229
	73,866	39,568
Net element of (loss) / gain and capital (losses) / gains for the year included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed - transferred to the Distribution Statement	(4,841)	4,453
Net income for the year	59,679 54,838	114,739 119,192
<i>Distributions</i> Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2015 at Rs 4.50 per unit (date of distribution: June 22, 2015)	-	(84,894)
Interim distribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 at Rs 3.10 per unit (date of distribution: June 27, 2016)	(56,368)	(84,894)
Undistributed income carried forward	72,335	73,866
Represented by		
- Realised gains	39,886	49,206
- Unrealised gains	32,449	24,660
	72,335	73,866

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT IN UNIT HOLDERS' FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
Net assets at beginning of the year	1,131,448	1,007,818
Issue of 13,513,361 units (2015: 9,950,843 units) (including 878,649 units (2015: 1,400,182) reinvested by the unitholders against their dividend entitlement amounting to Rs. 47.15 million (2015: 74.77 million) - net of tax) Redemption of 15,102,086 units (2015: 8,133,703 units)	727,268 (824,142) (96,874)	550,654 (453,880) 96,774
Net element of loss/ (income) and capital losses/ (gains) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed - amount representing loss/ (income) and capital losses/ (gains) transferred to the Income Statement		
- arising from capital gain and unrealised gain - arising from other income	498 12,098	(380) (1,084)
- amount representing loss/ (income) that form part of unit holders' fund - transferred to the Distribution Statement	4,841 17,437	(4,453) (5,917)
Net income for the year transferred from the Distribution Statement		
Capital (loss) / gain on sale of investments Unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investment classified as	(64)	24,988
'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' - net Other net operating income Net element of (loss) / income and capital (losses) / gains included in prices of units issued	1,650 58,093	4,792 84,959
less those in units redeemed - amount representing unrealised income	(4,841) 54,838	4,453
Distributions made during the year (refer Distribution Statement)	(56,368)	(84,894)
Unrealised diminution on re-measurement of investment classified as 'available for sale' - net	(183)	(1,525)
Net assets at end of the year	1,050,298	1,131,448
	(Number o	f units)
NUMBER OF UNITS IN ISSUE	19,592,850	21,181,575
	(Rupe	es)
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT	53.61	53.42
The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.		

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net income for the year 59,679 114,739 Adjustments for Unrealised appreciation in value of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net (4,792) Net element of loss/ (income) and capital losses/ (gains) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed 498 (380) - Arising from capital gain and unrealised gain 498 (1,084) Provision for Worker's Welfare Fund - 2,342 (1,873) (1,874) Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net 141,573 (216,775) (1,875) Investments - net 141,573 (216,775) (3,534) Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 Increase / (decrease) in liabilities Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Sceurities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Limited - Trustee (5) 7 Payable to the Sceurities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan 115 37 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 28<		Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 '000)
Adjustments for Unrealised appreciation in value of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net (1,650) (4,792) Net element of loss' (income) and capital losses/ (gains) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed - Arising from capital gain and unrealised gain 498 (380) - Arising from capital gain and unrealised gain 498 (1,084) - Arising from other income 12,098 (1,084) Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net 2,895 (1,873) Investments - net 2,895 (1,873) Profit receivable (2,183) 13,534 Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 Increase / (decrease) in liabilities 139,597 (169,778) Increase / (decrease) in liabilities (290) 332 Payable to the Management Company (290) 332 Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee (5) 7 Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan 115 37 Acerued expenses and other liabilities (152) 12,363 Net cash generated from /	A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Unrealised appreciation in value of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net	Net income for the year		59,679	114,739
Arising from other income 12,098 1,084 Provision for Worker's Welfare Fund 2,342 Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net 2,895 (1,873) Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Investments - net 141,573 (216,775) Profit receivable 141,573 (216,775) Profit receivable 2,183 13,534 Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 Taylor Taylor Taylor Taylor Increase / (decrease) in liabilities 207 33,463 Payable to the Management Company (290) 332 Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee (5) 7 Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan 115 37 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 28 11,987 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 28 11,987 Ret cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 212,965 (48,463) B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid (56,368) (84,949) Cash received from sale of units (27,268 550,654 Cash paid for redemption of units (824,142) (453,880) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities B (153,242) 11,880 Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,	Unrealised appreciation in value of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss - net Net element of loss/ (income) and capital losses/ (gains) included		(1,650)	(4,792)
Provision for Worker's Welfare Fund 2,895 (1,873)				` /
Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net 73,520 108,952			12,098	
Cash paid for redemption of units Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the property of the page of the pa			-	
Investments - net	Provision / (reversal) against non-performing investments - net		2,895	(1,8/3)
Investments - net		_	73,520	108,952
Profit receivable (2,183) 13,534 33,463 139,597 (169,778)	(Increase) / decrease in assets			
Advance, deposit and prepayments 207 33,463 139,597 (169,778)	Investments - net		141,573	(216,775)
Payable to the Management Company Rayable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Securities S	Profit receivable		(2,183)	13,534
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued expenses and other liabilities Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	Advance, deposit and prepayments	L		
Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued expenses and other liabilities 115 37 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 128 11,987 (152) 12,363 Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 212,965 (48,463) B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) 226,662 2263,245	Increase / (decrease) in liabilities		139,597	(169,778)
Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan Accrued expenses and other liabilities 115 37 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 128 11,987 (152) 12,363 Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 212,965 (48,463) B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) 226,662 2263,245	Payable to the Management Company	Γ	(290)	332
Accrued expenses and other liabilities 28 11,987 (152) 12,363			(5)	7
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (152) 12,363 (48,463) (84,894) (56,368) (84,894) (824,142) (453,880) (824,142) (153,242) (11,880) (A+B) (A+B) (A+B) (36,583) (36,583) (36,583)				
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 226,662 263,245	Accrued expenses and other liabilities			
B. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend paid (56,368) (84,894) Cash received from sale of units 727,268 550,654 Cash paid for redemption of units (824,142) (453,880) Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities B (153,242) 11,880 Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 226,662 263,245			(152)	12,363
Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245)	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	A	212,965	(48,463)
Dividend paid Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (26,662 263,245)	R CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from sale of units Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year			(56 368)	(84 894)
Cash paid for redemption of units Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year (A+B) 59,723 (36,583) Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 226,662 263,245				. , ,
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activitiesB(153,242)11,880Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year(A+B)59,723(36,583)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year226,662263,245				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 226,662 263,245	•	В		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year 226,662 263,245		_		
		(A+B)	,	` ' '
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 19 286,385 226,662	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	_	226,662	263,245
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	19	286,385	226,662

The annexed notes from 1 to 29 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Pakistan Income Fund ("the Fund") was established under a Trust Deed executed between Arif Habib Investments Limited (now MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited) as Management Company and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) as Trustee. The Trust Deed was executed on October 23, 2001 and was approved by the Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on February 28, 2002 in accordance with the Asset Management Companies Rules, 1995 (AMC Rules) repealed by Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (NBFC Rules).
- 1.2 The Management Company of the Fund has been licensed to act as an Asset Management Company under the Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulations) Rules 2003 through a certificate of registration issued by the SECP. The registered office of the Management Company is situated at 24th Floor ,Centre Point , Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, near KPT Interchange, Karachi, Pakistan.
- 1.3 The Fund is an open-ended mutual fund and has been categorised as "Income Scheme" and offers units for public subscription on a continuous basis. The units of the Fund are transferable and can also be redeemed by surrendering to the Fund. The units are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX), formerly Karachi Stock Exchange.
- 1.4 The Fund primarily invests in money market and other short term instruments which includes short term corporate debt and government securities, repurchase agreements and spread transactions. The Fund may also invest a portion of the Fund in medium term assets in order to provide higher return to the unit holders.
- 1.5 The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency (PACRA) Limited has assigned Management quality rating of AM2++ dated June 8, 2016 to the Management Company and "A+(f)" as stability rating dated December 31, 2015 to the Fund.
- 1.6 Title to the assets of the Fund is held in the name of Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited as Trustee of the Fund.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of Trust Deed, the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the NBFC Rules), the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the NBFC Regulations), and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Wherever the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations or directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Trust Deed, the NBFC Rules, the NBFC Regulations or the directives issued by the SECP shall prevail.

2.2 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2016

The following standards are effective for the year ended June 30, 2016. These standards are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

Standards / amendments / interpretations

IAS 27 (Revised 2011) – Separate Financial Statements

IAS 28 (Revised 2011) – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

In addition to above standards, IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement also became effective in the current year. IFRS 13 establishes a single framework for measuring fair value and making disclosures about fair value measurements when such measurements are required or permitted by other IFRSs. It unifies the definition of fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It replaces and expands the disclosure requirements about fair value measurements in other IFRSs, including IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

2.3 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective

The following amendments are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Fund's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Fund's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Standards / amendments / interpretations

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization

January 01, 2016

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41 Agriculture: Bearer plants

January 01, 2016

Other than the aforesaid amendments, the IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the SECP:

- IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
- IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain investments which have been marked to market and carried at fair value in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39: 'Financial Instruments': Recognition and Measurement'.

3.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Fund's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies primarily related to classification and valuation of investments and impairment there against (note 4.1 and 4.3).

3.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

4. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Financial assets

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

a) At fair value through profit or loss

An instrument is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is held-for-trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial instruments are designated as at fair value through profit or loss if the Fund manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Fund's documented risk management or investment strategy. Financial assets which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short term price fluctuation or are part of the portfolio in which there is recent actual pattern of short term profit taking are classified as held for trading or a derivative.

Financial instruments as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised in the Income Statement.

All derivatives in a net receivable position (positive fair value), are reported as financial assets. All derivatives in a net payable position (negative fair value), are reported as financial liabilities.

b) Available-for-sale

Available for sale are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any other category.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those classified by the Fund as 'at fair value through profit or loss' or 'available for sale'.

Recognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention such as 'T+2' purchases and sales are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the financial assets.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its part of the contract.

Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price) plus, in case of a financial instrument not as 'at fair value through profit or loss', transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instruments. Transaction costs on financial instruments 'at fair value through profit or loss' are expensed out immediately.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial instruments classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss 'and 'available for sale' are measured at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets as 'at fair value through profit or loss' are recognised in the Income Statement. Changes in the fair value of financial instruments classified as 'available-for-sale' are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income until derecognised or impaired, when the accumulated adjustments recognised in Other Comprehensive Income are included in the Income Statement. The financial instruments classified as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any.

Fair value measurement principles

Investment in debt securities are valued at the rates determined and notified by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) as per the methodology prescribed by SECP via Circular 1 of 2009, Circular 3 of 2010, Circular 33 of 2012 and Circular 35 of 2012. These Circulars also specify the criteria for application of discretionary discount to yield of any debt security calculated by MUFAP and contain criteria for the provisioning of non-performing debt securities.

Investment in thinly and non-traded debt securities with maturity up to six months are valued at their amortised cost in accordance with the requirements of Circular 1 of 2009 as amended by Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP. The provisioning policy has been duly formulated and approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

Basis of valuation of government securities

The investment of the Fund in government securities is valued on the basis of rates announced by the Financial Market Association of Pakistan, except the Government of Pakistan Ijarah Sukuks, which are valued on the basis of rates announced by Reuters.

Net gains and losses arising on changes in the fair value of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement. Net gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of available for sale financial assets are taken to the other comprehensive income until these are derecognized or impaired. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized directly in the other comprehensive income is transferred to the Income Statement.

4.2 Securities under repurchase/ resale agreements

Transactions of purchase under resale (reverse-repo) of marketable and government securities, are entered into at contracted rates for specified periods of time. Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse-repo) are not recognised in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Amounts paid under these agreements are recognised as receivable in respect of reverse repurchase transactions. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as income from reverse repurchase transactions and accrued over the life of the agreement. All reverse repo transactions are accounted for on the settlement date.

4.3 Impairment

Financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of asset and that loss events had an impact on the future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognised in Income Statement. Any subsequent decrease in impairment loss on debt securities classified as available-for-sale is recognised in Income Statement.

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has formulated a comprehensive policy for making provision against non-performing investments in compliance with Circular 13 of 2009 and Circular 33 of 2012 issued by the SECP.

4.4 Derecognition

The Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual right to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or it transfers the right to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred.

4.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.6 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently stated at amortized cost. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Financial liabilities include payable to the Management Company and other liabilities. Financial liabilities other than those at fair value through profit and loss are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method.

4.7 Accrued expenses and other liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

4.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Fund has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are regularly reviewed and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.9 Other assets

Other assets are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

4.10 Taxation

Current

The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. The Fund is also exempt from the provision of Section 113 (minimum tax) under Clause 11A of Part IV of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

The Fund provides for deferred taxation using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary differences between the amounts used for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. In addition, the Fund also records deferred tax asset on unutilized tax losses to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. However, the Fund has not recognized any amount in respect of deferred tax in these financial statements as the Fund, like in current year, intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years as well by distributing at least ninety percent of its accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains, whether realized or unrealised, to its unit holders every year.

4.11 Earnings per unit

Earnings per unit (EPU) has not been disclosed as in the opinion of the management determination of weighted average units for calculating EPU is not practicable.

4.12 Net asset value per unit

The net asset value (NAV) per unit, as disclosed on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Fund by the number of units in circulation at the year end.

4.13 Unit holders' fund

Unit holders' fund representing the units issued by the Fund, is carried at the net asset value representing the investors' right to a residual interest in the Fund assets.

4.14 Issue and redemption of units

Units issued are recorded at the offer price, determined by the Management Company for applications received by distributors during business hours on that day. The offer price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day plus the allowable sales load, provision for transaction costs and any provision for duties and charges, if applicable. The sales load is payable to the investment facilitators, distributors and the Management Company. Transaction costs are recorded as the income of the Fund.

Units redeemed are recorded at the redemption price, applicable on units for which the distributors receive redemption applications during business hours on that day. The redemption price represents the net asset value per unit as of the close of the business day less any back-end load, any duties, taxes, charges on redemption and any provision for transaction costs, if applicable.

4.15 Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed

An equalisation account called the element of income / (loss) included in prices of units sold less those in units redeemed is created, in order to prevent the dilution of per unit income and distribution of income already paid out on redemption.

The element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in the prices of units issued less those in units redeemed to the extent that it is represented by income earned during the year is recognised in the Income Statement and the remaining portion of element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) is held in separate reserve account and at the end of an accounting period (whether gain or loss) is included in amount available for distribution to the unit holders.

4.16 Revenue recognition

- Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the Income Statement on the date at which the transaction takes place.
- Income on reverse repurchase transactions and debt securities (including government securities) is recognised on a time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.
- Markup on government securities is recognised on an time proportion basis
- Unrealised gains / (losses) arising on remeasurement of investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss and derivatives are included in the Income Statement in the period in which they arise.
- Profit on bank deposits and term deposit receipts is recognised on time proportion basis.
- Element of income / (loss) and capital gains / (losses) included in prices of units issued less those in units redeemed is included in the Income Statement on the date of issue and redemption of units.

4.17 Expenses

All expenses including Management fee, Trustee fee and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan fee and allocated expense are recognised in the Income Statement on accrual basis.

4.18 Dividend distribution and appropriation

Distributions declared subsequent to the balance sheet date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such distributions are approved.

4.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of deposits and current accounts maintained with banks. Cash equivalents are short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investments and other purposes.

			2016	2015
		Note	Rupees i	n '000
5.	BALANCES WITH BANKS			
	In saving deposit accounts	5.1	286,385	126,662
	In term deposit accounts		-	100,000
			286,385	226,662

5.1 These carry mark-up at rates ranging between 3.75% to 7.25% per annum (2015: 4.5% to 10.35% per annum).

6. INVESTMENTS

At fair value through profit or loss

Government securities Listed debt securities Unlisted debt securities	6.1 6.2 6.3	236,630 226,233 22,824	525,956 109,271 132,041
Available for sale			
Government securities	6.4	296,254	157,674
	_	781,941	924,942

Government securities - At fair value through profit or loss - held for trading

			Face value			Balanc	Balance as at June 30, 2016	e 30, 2016		
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2015	Purchased during the year	Disposed off during the year	Matured during the year	As at June 30, 2016	Carrying value	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	Market value as a percentage of net assets	Market value as a percentage of total investment
				Rupees in '000'	п '000'				%	%
Treasury Bills - 3 months Treasury Bills - 6 months Treasury Bills - 12 months Pakistan Investment Bonds - 10 years	337,500 150,000 - 37,500	653,500 975,000 1,625,000	587,500 715,000 945,000 37,500	403,500 360,000 485,000	50,000	- 48,837 187,610	- 48,851 187,779	- 14 169	. 18	, 24 -
As at June 30, 2016	525,000	3,253,500	2,285,000	1,248,500	245,000	236,447	236,630	183	23	30
As at June 30, 2015	300,000	2,692,000	1,503,700	963,300	525,000	522,455	525,956	3,501	47	57
								Note	2016 (Rupee:	16 2015 (Rupees in '000)
Listed debt securities										
Market value as at June 30								6.2.1	322,606	202,246
Provision on July 1 Pace Pakistan Limited Telecard Limited Trust Investment Bank Limited - III									43,144 31,088 18,743 92,975	39,746 32,961 18,743 91.450
Add: Provision charged during the year										
- Reversal against carrying value matured	ured								(6,586) 9,984 3,398	(6,586) 9,984 3,398
Less: Reversal during the year Telecard Limited										1,873
Provision on June 30									96,373	92,975
Book value as at June 30								-	226,233	109,271

6.2

Listed debt securities - Term Finance Certificates

6.2.1

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

		Num	Number of Certificates	cates		Bala	Balance as at June 30, 2016	30, 2016		
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2015	Purchased during the year	Matured during the year	Disposed off during the year	As at June 30, 2016	Carrying value*	Market value	Appreciation / (diminution)	**Market value as a percentage of net assets	**Market value as a percentage of total investment
							Rupees in '000	000	%	%
Commercial banks Askari Bank Limited (23-12-11 issue)***	42		•	v	37	37.266	37.487	221	0.04	0.00
Bank Al Falah Limited (20-02-13 issue)	13,381	•	1	,	13,381	66,925	68,264	1,339	6.50	8.73
Askari Bank Limited (30-09-14 issue)		5,000	1	,	5,000	25,172	25,485	313	2.43	3.26
Habib Bank Limited (19-02-16 issue)***	•	200	,	•	200	50,000	50,008	∞	4.76	6.40
Bank Al-Habib Limited (17-03-16 issue)	•	6,000	٠	,	000,6	45,000	44,989	(11)	4.28	5.75
Financial services Trust Investment Bank (04-07-08 issue) - Due but not received		1	•	1	•	18,743	18,743	1		•
Real state investment and services Pace Pakistan Limited (15-02-08 issue) - Redeemable amount - Due but not received	10,000	1		1	10,000	6,586 39,956 46,542	6,586 39,956 46,542			,
Fixed line telecommunication Telecard Limited (27-05-05 issue) - Due but not received	•	1	•			31,088	31,088	1		,
As at June 30, 2016	23,423	14,500	•	3	37,918	320,736	322,606	1,870	18.01	24.14
As at June 30, 2015	87,546	•	53,123	11,000	23,423	204,821	202,246	(2,575)	99.6	11.81

^{*} Carrying value before provision - Provision detail are specified in note 6.2.

Unlisted debt securities - Term Finance Certificates and other securities

Certificates have a face value of Rs 5,000 each

		MuM	Number of Certificates	cates		Balı	Balance as at June 30, 2016	30, 2016	Market value as a	Market value as a
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2015	Purchased during the year	Matured during the year	Matured Disposed off during the during the year year	As at June 30, 2016	Carrying value	Market value	Market value (diminution)	percentage of net assets	percentage of total investment
							Rupees in '000	000	%	%
Bank Al-Habib Limited TFC-4 (30-06-11) Fixed	1,000	•	1,000	•		•		•		•
Bank Alfalah Limited - TFC4 (02-12-09) Floating	4,500			•	4,500	23,227	22,824	(403)	2.17	2.92
Engro Fertilizer Limited - PPTFC-1 (18-03-08)	20,100	,	٠	20,100	•	٠	,	1	•	•
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited - Sukuk (03-12-07)	200	•	200	•	•	•	•	1		
As at June 30, 2016	26,100		1,500	20,100	4,500	23,227	22,824	(403)	2.17	2.92
As at June 30, 2015	26,100				26,100	26,100 128,174 132,041	132,041	3,867	11.67	14.28

^{**} Market value after provision - Provision detail is specified in note 6.2.

^{***} These certificates have a face value of Rs. 1 million and Rs. 1 hundred thousand respectively.

Government securities - available for sale

6.4

			Face Value	lue		Bals	Balance as at June 30, 2016	, 2016		
Name of investee company	As at July 1, 2015	ıp	Disposed during the year	Purchased Disposed Matured during the uring the year during the year	As at June 30, 2016 value	Carrying value	Market value		Market value as Appreciation / a percentage of (diminution) net assets	Market value as a percentage of total investment
			Rupees in '000'						%	%
Pakistan Investment Bonds -03 years	42,500		280,000	•	194,000	199,577	197,308	(2,269)	_	25.23
Pakistan Investment Bonds -05 years		787,500	763,000		24,500	27,924	28,140	216	2.68	3.60
Pakistan Investment Bonds -10 years	107,400	50,000	100,000	•	57,400	70,354	70,806	452	6.74	90.6
As at June 30, 2016	149,900	1,269,000	1,143,000		275,900	297,855	296,254	(1,601)	28.21	37.89
As at June 30, 2015	67,500	207,400	125,000		149,900	149,900 159,092	157,674	(1,418)	13.94	17.05

Significant terms and conditions of Term Finance Certificates and other securities outstanding at the year end are as follows: 6.5

Name of security	Number of certificates	Face Value	Unredeemed Face value / Redemption value	Unredeemed Face Face Value value / Redemption Mark-up rate (Per annum) value	Maturity	Secured /	Rating
		Rupees in '000'	00				
Listed debt securities							
Askari Bank Limited (23-12-11)	37	1,000,000	998,200	6 months KIBOR + 1.75%	December 23, 2021	Unsecured	AA

Listed debt securities	Askari Bank Limited (23-12-11)

LISTER GEOT SECULTUES							
Askari Bank Limited (23-12-11)	37	1,000,000	998,200	6 months KIBOR + 1.75%	December 23, 2021	Unsecured	AA
Askari Bank Limited (30-09-14)	5,000	5,000	4,997	6 months KIBOR + 1.20%	September 30, 2024	Unsecured	AA-
Habib Bank Limited (19-02-16)	200	100,000	100,000	6 months KIBOR + 0.50%	February 19, 2026	Unsecured	AAA
Bank Al-Habib Limited (17-03-16)	000,6	5,000	5,000	6 months KIBOR + 0.75%	March 17, 2026	Unsecured	AA
Bank Al Falah Limited (20-02-13)	13,381	5,000	4,994	6 months KIBOR + 1.25%	February 20, 2021	Unsecured	AA-
Pace Pakistan Limited (15-02-08)	10,000	5,000	866	6 months KIBOR + 2%	February 15, 2017	Secured	Non-Rated

AA-

Unsecured

December 02, 2017

Unlisted debt securities

Bank Alfalah Limited - TFC4 (02-12-09) Floating 4,500 5,000 4,987 6 months KIBOR + 2.5%
The Term Finance Certificates and Sukuks held by the Fund are generally secured against hypothecation of stocks and receivables and mortgage / pledge of fixed assets of the issuer.

6.6	Net unrealised appreciation on re-measurement of investments at fair value through profit or loss	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 a '000)
	Market value of investments Carrying value of investments	6.1, 6.2.1, 6.3.1 6.1, 6.2.1, 6.3.1	582,060 580,410 1,650	767,268 762,476 4,792
6.7	Unrealized (diminution) / appreciation on remeasurement of in classified as 'available-for-sale' - net	vestments		
	Market value of investments Cost of investments	-	296,254 297,855 (1,601)	157,674 159,092 (1,418)
	Less: Net unrealized appreciation in value of investments classified as 'available for sale' at beginning of the period	- -	(1,418) (183)	107 (1,525)
7.	PROFIT RECEIVABLE			
	Profit / income accrued on: Term finance and sukuk certificates Government securities Bank deposits	- =	4,724 12,788 603 18,115	5,554 8,488 1,890 15,932
8.	ADVANCE, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Advance tax Deposits with:		4,084	4,302
	- National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited - Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited Margin against term finance certificates Prepayments	8.1 8.2 8.3	2,500 200 1,353 236 8,373	2,500 200 1,353 225 8,580

^{8.1} This represents deposit in respect of Bond Automated Trading System (BATS).

^{8.2} This represents deposit on account of initial deposit for opening of investor account for electronic transfer of book-entry securities.

^{8.3} This represents the margin with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited for guaranteeing settlement of the Fund's trades in terms of Circular no. 11 dated October 23, 2007, issued by the SECP.

	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 '000)
9. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	S		
Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund	9.1	24,327	24,327
Provision for Federal excise duty and related tax on	9.2		
-management fee		9,210	5,790
-sales load		239	185
Legal and professional charges		60	-
Withholding tax on dividend and capital gains		6,474	10,208
Auditors' remuneration		461	399
Brokerage		77	57
Zakat		165	165
Others		705	559
		41,718	41,690

9.1 Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund

The Finance Act 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs 0.5 million in a tax year have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by the CIS through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (the Court), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending for adjudication.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) on July 8, 2010 which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. However on December 14, 2010 the Ministry filed its response against the Constitutional petition requesting the Court to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the Court.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011, the Honourable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional and struck them down. In March 2013 a larger bench of the Sindh High Court (SHC) in various constitutional petitions declared that amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act 2008, do not suffer from any constitutional or legal infirmity.

However, as per advice of legal counsel the stay granted to CIS remains intact and the constitution petitions filed by the CIS to challenge the WWF contribution have not been affected by the SHC judgment. In view of the afore mentioned developments and uncertainties created by the decision of SHC, management company, as a matter of prudence, has decided to charge the entire provision for WWF in these financial statements.

Furthermore, in the Finance Act 2015, the mutual funds have been excluded from the levy of WWF. As this change has been made in the definition of the term 'Industrial Establishment' as defined in the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971, the change may appear to apply prospectively. Accordingly, the management is of the view that this change is applicable from July 1, 2015. Hence, the matter regarding previous years would either need to be clarified by FBR or would be resolved through courts. The Management Company, as a matter of prudence, has decided to retain the provision for WWF amounting to Rs. 24.33 million in these financial statements pertaining to period July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2015 and have not recognised any further provision there against. During the year ended June 30, 2016 the Fund charged Rs.Nil on account of WWF. Had the said provision of WWF not been recorded in the books of account of the Fund, the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Fund would have been higher by Rs. 1.24 per unit as at June 30, 2016.

9.2 Provision for Federal excise duty and related tax

The Finance Act, 2013 enlarged the scope of Federal Excise Duty (FED) on financial services to include Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with effect from June 13, 2013. As the asset management services rendered by the Management Company of the Fund are already subject to provincial sales tax on services levied by the Sindh Revenue Board, which is being charged to the Fund, the Management Company is of the view that further levy of FED was not justified.

On September 4, 2013, a constitutional petition was filed in Honorable Sindh High Court (SHC) jointly by various asset management companies, together with their representative Collective Investment Schemes through their trustee, challenging the levy of FED.

The Sindh High Court in its decision dated July 16, 2016 maintained the previous order on the FED. The management is however of the view that since the Federal government still has the right to appeal against the order, the previous balance of FED can not be reversed.

Further, the Federal Government vide Finance Act 2016 has excluded asset management companies and other non banking finance companies from charge of FED on their services .

In view of the pending decision and as a matter of abundant caution, the Management Company of the Fund has made a provision for FED in the books of accounts of the Fund with effect from June 13, 2013 to June 30, 2016 aggregating to Rs. 9.5 million (2015: Rs. 5.98 million).

10. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies and commitments as at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 except as disclosed in note 17.2.

Note (Rupees in '000) REMUNERATION OF MANAGEMENT COMPANY 11. Management fee 13.1 18,181_ 15,876 11.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, 2008, the Management Company of the Fund is entitled to a remuneration, during the first five years of the Fund of an amount not exceeding three percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund and thereafter, of an amount equal to two percent of such assets of the Fund and, in any case, it shall not exceed the limit prescribed by the NBFC Regulations, 2008. During the year, the Management Company has charged its remuneration at the rate of 1.50% (2015: 1.50%) of the average annual net assets of the Fund. The remuneration is paid to the Management Company on monthly basis in arrears. In 2011, the Provincial Government(Sindh) has levied General Sales Tax at the rate of 14% on the remuneration of the Management Company. Further, the Federal Government has levied Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% through the Finance Act 2013 (Refer note 9.2). 2015 2016 Note (Rupees in '000) 12. REMUNERATION OF CENTERAL DEPOSITORY COMPANY **OF PAKISTAN LIMITED - TRUSTEE** 14.1 Trustee fee

12.1 The Trustee is entitled to a monthly remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the Trust Deed. The following tariff structure as amended by the Trustee of the Fund vide Trust deed dated May 18, 2015, is applicable based on net assets of the Fund.

Amount of funds under management (Average NAV)

Tariff per annum

Up to Rs. 1 billion

0.17% p.a. of Net Assets

Rs. 1 billion to Rs. 5 billion

Rs. 1.7 million plus 0.085% p.a. of Net Assets exceeding Rs. 1 billion

Over Rs. 5 billion

Rs. 5.1 million plus 0.07% p.a. of Net Assets exceeding Rs. 5 billion

2015

2016

13. SINDH SALES TAX ON REMUNERATION OF THE TRUSTEE

The Sindh Revenue Board through Circular No. SRB-3-4/TP/01/2015/86554 dated June 13, 2015 amended the definition of services of shares, securities and derivatives and included the custodianship services within the purview of the Sindh Sales Tax. Accordingly Sindh Sales Tax of 14 % Is applicable on Trustee fee which is now covered under the section 2(79A) of the Sindh Finance Bill 2010 (amended upto 2015). Accordingly the Fund has made an accrual of Rs. 0.26 million on account of Sindh Sales Tax on custodianship services.

2016 2015 (Rupees in '000)

14. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN - ANNUAL FEE

14.1 Under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, the Fund is required to pay as an annual fee to the SECP, an amount equal to 0.075 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund.

			2016	2015
		Note	(Rupees i	in '000)
15.	ALLOCATED EXPENSES			
	Reimbursement of fees and expenses	15.1	718	-
	Sales tax on allocated expenses		100	
			818	-

15.1 The SECP via its SRO 1160 dated November 25, 2015 has amended Clause 60 of NBFC Regulations, 2008. The said clause has entitled the Management Company to reimbursement of fees and expenses related to registrar services, accounting, operation and valuation services related to CIS upto a maximum of 0.1% of average annual net assets of the scheme or actual whichever is less. Accordingly, the Fund has made an accrual of Rs. 0.72 million since November 27, 2015 at the maximum rate of 0.1% of average annual net assets which is less than actual expense allocable to the Fund.

2016 2015 (Rupees in '000)

16. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Annual audit fee	309	280
Half yearly review fee	176	160
Other certifications	110	100
Out of pocket expenses	82	74
	677	614

17. TAXATION

17.1 The Fund's income is exempt from Income Tax as per Clause 99 of Part I of the Second Schedule of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 subject to the condition that not less than 90% of the accounting income for the year as reduced by capital gains whether realised or unrealised is distributed amongst the unit holders. Furthermore, as per Regulation 63 of the Non-Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations,2008, the Fund is required to distribute 90% of the net accounting income other than capital gains to the unit holders. Since the management has distributed the income earned by the Fund during the year to the unit holders in the manner as explained above, accordingly no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

17.2 The income tax returns till the tax year 2015 have been filed and are deemed to be assessed under section 120 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) except for tax years 2008 and 2012 for which assessment order under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance has been received that the Fund is not entitled to the exemption from income tax on the basis that the distribution of bonus shares should not be included in calculation of distribution of 90% of declared profit required to claim exemption from income tax. This issue has also been raised by the department in other mutual funds. The Fund filed a petition in the Sindh High Court (SHC) against the demands raised in this respect and has obtained a stay order against the payment of tax demand. Other Mutual Funds are also contesting the same at different appellate forums of Federal Board of Revenue. The Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals), in case of certain mutual funds including this Fund has also given decision in favour of these funds wherein the earlier notices served by Tax authorities have been annulled. The management, based on the tax advice obtained by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan from various tax advisors, is confident that the case would ultimately be decided in favor of the Fund and therefore no provision is required to be made in these financial statements.

18. DETAILS OF NON-COMPLIANT INVESTMENT WITH THE INVESTMENT CRITERIA AS SPECIFIED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

In accordance with Clause (v) of the investment criteria laid down for 'Income Scheme' in Circular no. 7 of 2009, the Fund is required to invest in any security having rating not lower than the investment grade (credit rating of BBB and above). However, as at June 30, 2016, the Fund is non-compliant with the above mentioned requirement in respect of the following investments. The securities were in compliance with the Circular (i.e. investment grade) at the time of purchase and were subsequently downgraded to non investment grade by MUFAP on default by issuer in repayment of coupon due on respective dates.

Category of non- compliant investment	Type of investment / Name of Company	Value of investment before provision	Provision held, if any	Value of investment after provision	Percentage of net assets	Percentage of gross assets
			Rupees in '00	00'	:)
Investment in debt securities	a) Trust Investment Bank Limited (note 6.2.1)	18,743	18,743	-	1.78	1.71
Investment in debt securities	b) Telecard Limited (note 6.2.1)	31,088	31,088	-	2.96	2.84
Investment in debt securities	c) Pace Pakistan Limited (note 6.2.1)	46,542	46,542	-	4.43	4.25
CASH AND CASH	EOHIVAL ENTS				2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
CASH AND CASH	EQUIVALENTS					
Balances with banks					206 205	126.662
In saving deposit a In term deposit acc					286,385	126,662 100,000
					286,385	226,662

20. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED PERSONS

19.

Related parties / connected persons of the Fund include the Management Company, other collective investment schemes managed by the Management Company, MCB Bank Limited being holding company of the Management Company, the Trustee, directors and key management personnel and other associated undertakings and unit holders holding more than 10% units of the Fund.

The transactions with connected persons are in the normal course of business and at contracted rates.

Remuneration payable to the Management Company and the Trustee is determined in accordance with the provisions of the Non-Banking Finance Companies & Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 and the Trust Deed.

20.1

	2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
1 Details of transactions with connected persons are as follows:		
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company Remuneration including indirect taxes Reimbursement of Sindh sales tax registration charges	24,043	21,178 8
Allocated expenses including indirect taxes	818	-
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Remuneration including indirect taxes	2,143	1,750
CDS charges	7	-
MCB Bank Limited Profit on Bank deposits Bank charges	678 21	898 17
Purchase of securities face value 50,000,000 (2015:Nil) Sale of securities face value 12,500,000 (2015: Nil)	52,444 13,281	-
Summit Bank Limited Purchase of securities face value Nil (2015: 150,000,000)	-	148,470
Arif Habib Limited Brokerage*	1	1
Next Capital Limited Brokerage*	28	8
Summit Capital Private Limited Brokerage*	2	2
Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited Redemption of Nil units (2015: 687,445 units)	-	39,817
Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited - Employees gratuity fund Issue of Nil units (2015: 19,488 units)	-	81
Fauji Cement Company Limited ** Issue of 4,087,073 units (2015: Nil units) Redemption of 4,087,073 units (2015: Nil units)	225,000 228,400	- -
Mandate under discretionary portfolio Redemption of Nil units (2015: 117,464 units) Dividend paid	- -	6,585 2
Directors and Executives of the Management Company Issue of 386 units (2015: 49 units) Redemption of 6,740 units (2015: Nil units) Dividend paid	22 364 1	3

^{*}The amount disclosed represents the amount of brokerage paid to connected persons and not the purchase or sale value of securities transacted through them as the ultimate counter parties are not connected persons.

^{**}This represents those parties that became connected / related parties during the period due to acquiring unit holding of more than 10% of net assets of the Fund.

	2016 (Rupees in	2015 '000)
Amounts outstanding as at year end		
MCB - Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited - Management Company		
Remuneration payable	1,384	1,439
Sales tax payable on management fee	194	320
Legal and professional charges payable	-	100
Sales load payable	2	90
Sindh sales tax payable on sales load	239	14
Allocated expenses payable	93	-
Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		
Remuneration payable	148	152
Sales tax payable on trustee fee	21	-
CDS charges payable	_	22
Security deposits	200	200
MCB Bank Limited		
Bank balance	40,268	90.801
Profit receivable on bank deposits	29	154
Arif Habib Limited		
Brokerage	-	1
Next Capital Limited		
Brokerage	-	2
Adamica Life Assurance Company Limited Employees greatuity fund		
Adamjee Life Assurance Company Limited - Employees gratuity fund Nil units held (2015: 19,488 units)	-	1,041
Directors and Executives of the Management Company		
1,080 units held (2015: 7433 units)	58	48

21. PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT COMMITTEE AND FUND MANAGER

20.2

Details of members of the Investment Committee of the Fund are as follows:

Name	Designation	Qualification	Experience in years
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem	Chief Executive Officer	FCA & ACCA	18 years
Mr. Muhammad Asim	Asset class specialist - Equities	MBA & CFA	13 years
Mr. Awais Aabdul Sattar	Senior Research Analyst	MBA & CFA	5 years
Mr. Saad Ahmed	Asset class specialist - Fixed income	MBA	10 years
Mr. Syed Muhammad Usama Iqbal	Fund Manager - Fixed Income Fund	B.Com	9 years

21.1 Syed Muhammad Usama Iqbal is the fund manager. Details of the other fund managed by fund manager are as follows:

22. TOP TEN BROKERS / DEALERS BY PERCENTAGE OF COMMISSION PAID

		2016 (Percentage)
1	Invest Capital Markets Limited	35.25
2	JS Global Capital Limited	14.64
3	Invest and Finance Securities Limited	10.72
4	Next Capital Limited	9.35
5	Icon Securities Private Limited	7.95
6	BMA Capital Management Limited	6.74
7	Elixir Securities Pakistan Private Limited	4.14
8	Magenta Capital Limited	3.23
9	Vector Capital Pvt Limited	1.78
10	Optimus Market Private Limited	1.68
11	C & M Management (Private) Limited	1.68
		2015
		(Percentage)
1	Invest Capital Markets Limited	63.67
2	Invest One Markets (Private) Limited	11.45
3	Next Capital Limited	5.62
4	KASB Securities Limited	5.59
5	Vector Capital Pvt Limited	5.39
6	Currency Market Associates (Private) Limited	3.73
7	Magenta Capital Limited	2.08
8	Summit Capital (Private) Limited	1.45
9	Arif Habib Limited	0.69
10	C & M Management (Private) Limited	0.33

23. PATTERN OF UNIT HOLDINGS

	As at June 30, 2016					
	N		Investment amount	Percentage investment		
			(Rupees in '000')	%		
Individuals	817	7,327,373	392,793	37.40		
Director	1	22,227	1,191	0.11		
Insurance companies	9	4,019,419	215,466	20.51		
Retirement funds	2	1,794,664	96,205	9.16		
Others	71	6,429,168	344,643	32.81		
	900	19,592,850	1,050,298	100.00		

⁻ MCB Islamic Income Fund

		As at J	une 30, 2015	
	Number of unit holders	Number of units	Percentage investment	
			(Rupees in '000')	%
Individuals	823	8,709,728	465,244	41.12
Director	1	50,170	2,680	0.24
Insurance companies	9	3,887,485	207,656	18.35
Retirement funds	48	6,350,518	339,224	29.98
Others	22	2,183,674	116,644	10.31
	903	21,181,575	1,131,448	100.00

24. ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year, eight board meetings were held on August 07, 2015 (118th meeting), October 16, 2015 (119th meeting), January 04, 2016 (120th meeting), February 04, 2016 (121st meeting), April 18, 2016 (122nd meeting), May 27, 2016 (123rd meeting), June 21, 2016 (124th meeting) and June 27, 2016 (125th meeting) Information in respect of attendance by Directors and other personnel in the meetings is given below:

Name of directors			Number of meetings				
attending the meetings	Designation	Meetings held	Attendance required	Attended	Leave granted	Meetings not attended	
Mr. Mian Mohammad Mansha	Chairman	8	8	-	8	118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th	
Mr. Nasim Beg	Director	8	8	7	1	119th	
Dr. Syed Salman Ali Shah	Director	8	8	8	-	-	
Mr. Haroun Rashid	Director	8	8	8	-	-	
Mr. Ahmed Jahangir	Director	8	8	7	1	122nd	
Mr. Samad A. Habib	Director	8	8	6	2	119th, 125th	
Mr. Mirza Mehmood Ahmed	1 Director	8	8	-	8	118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th	
Mr. Yasir Qadri *	Ex-Chief Executive Officer	8	3	3	-	-	
Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem **	Chief Executive Officer	8	5	5	-	-	

^{*}Mr. Yasir Qadri (Chief Executive Officer) resigned on January 04, 2016.

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance.

^{**} Mr. Muhammad Saqib Saleem appointed as a acting Chief Executive Officer on January 04, 2016 and confirmed by the board on April 18, 2016.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Risk of the Fund are being managed by the Management Company in accordance with the approved policies of the Investment Committee which provide broad guidelines for management of above mention risks. The Board of Directors of Management Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Fund's risk management framework.

The Fund primarily invests in a portfolio of money market investments such as investment grade debt securities, government securities and investments in other money market instruments.

25.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

The Management Company manages market risk by monitoring exposure on marketable securities by following the internal risk management policies and investment guidelines approved by the Board and regulations laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Non Banking Finance Companies and Notified Entities Regulations, 2008 (the Regulations), The Non Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003 (the Rules).

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

25.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

25.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Fund holds fixed as well as floating rate debt securities that expose the Fund to cash flow and fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuation in prevailing levels of market interest rates.

As at June 30, 2016, the investment in debt securities exposed to interest rate is detailed in Note 6.5 to these financial statements.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

Presently, the Fund holds KIBOR based interest bearing term finance certificates and sukuks exposing the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR on the last repricing date of these term finance certificates and sukuks, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Fund and net income for the year would have been higher / lower by Rs. 2.48 million (2015: Rs. 0.30 million).

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2015, the Fund holds government securities which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale exposing the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase in rates announced by Financial Markets Association on June 30, 2016 with all other variables held constant, the net income for the year and net assets would be lowered by Rs. 6.01 million (2015: Rs 0.153 million). In case of 100 basis points decrease in rates announced by Financial Market Association on June 30, 2016, with all other variables held constant, the net income for the year and net assets would be higher by Rs. 6.24 million (2015: Rs 0.153 million).

The composition of the Fund's investment portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by FMAP is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2016 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Fund's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date and for off-balance sheet instruments is based on the settlement date.

		June 30, 2016				
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
On-balance sheet financial instruments				Kupees III 000		
Financial Assets Balances with banks Investments	3.75% to 7.25%	286,385	-	-		286,385
at fair value through 'profit and loss - n - Government securities - Listed debt securities - Unlisted debt securities	et 6.86% to 10.51% 7.35% to 15%	- - -	236,630 - 22,824	226,233	-	236,630 226,233 22,824
Available for sale - Government securities	7% to 12%	130,329 130,329	259,454	165,925 392,158		296,254 781,941
Profit receivable Security deposits		416,714	259,454	392,158	18,115 4,053 22,168	18,115 4,053 1,090,494
		410,714				
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
				Rupees in '000	'	
Financial Liabilities Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Central Depository Compa	nv	-	-	-	1,673	1,673
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee Accrued expenses and other liabilities	,				169 1,303 3,145	169 1,303 3,145
On-balance sheet gap		416,714	259,454	392,158	19,023	1,087,349
Off-balance sheet financial instruments						

				June 30, 2015		
	Yield / effective interest rate (%)	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Not exposed to yield / interest risk	Total
On-balance sheet financial instrun	nents			Rupees in '000)'	
Financial Assets						
Balances with banks Investments	4.5% to 10.35%	226,662	-	-	-	226,662
at fair value through ' profit and lost - Government securities	ss - net 12%	484,082	-	41,874	-	525,956
Listed debt securitiesUnlisted debt securities	9.72% to 11.92% 8.43% to 15%	-	-	109,271 132,041	-	109,271 132,041
Available for sale	0.750/ 4- 11.250/			157 (74		157 (74
- Government securities	9.75% to 11.25%	484,082	-	157,674 440,860	-	157,674 924,942
Profit receivable Security deposits		-	<u>-</u>	-	15,932 4,053	15,932 4,053
		710,744		440,860	19,985	1,171,589
Financial Liabilities						
Payable to the management company		-	-	-	1,859	1,859
Payable to the Central Depository Co of Pakistan Limited - Trustee		-	-	-	174	174
Accrued expenses and other liabilitie	es	-			931 2,964	931 2,964
On-balance sheet gap		710,744		440,860	17,021	1,168,625
Off-balance sheet financial instrum	ments			_		-

25.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The fund is exposed to Price risk because of Term Finance Certificates(TFCs) held by it and classified at 'Fair value through Profit and Loss'.

In case of a 1% increase / decrease in effective yield as on June 30, 2016, the net assets of the Fund would increase / decrease by Rs. 2.49 million (2015: Rs. 2.41 million).

25.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk of loss if counterparties fail to perform as contracted. The Fund is exposed to counter party credit risks on investment in term finance certificates and sukuks, loans and receivables, and balances with bank. The credit risk on the Fund is limited because the counterparties are financial institutions with reasonably high credit ratings. Investments in Treasury bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds are government backed and hence considered as secured.

The Fund has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. This information is supplied by independent rating agencies, where available, and if not available, the Fund uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Fund's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with the Fund's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are approved by the Board of Directors. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risk and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty failure.

The Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk related to receivables is the carrying amounts of following financial assets.

	2016	2015
	(Rupees	in '000')
Balances with banks	286,385	226,662
Investments	781,941	924,942
Profit receivable	18,115	15,932
Security deposits	4,053	4,053
	1,090,494	1,171,589

The analysis below summaries the credit rating quality of the Fund's financial assets.

Bank Balances by rating category

	2010	2015
	0	/o
AAA/A1+	14.89	72.23
AA+/A1+	14.98	0.79
AA/A1+	69.59	13.05
AA- / A1+	0.54	13.92
A/A1	0.00	0.01
	100.00	100.00

The analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the Fund's investment in term finance certificates and sukuks, term deposit receipts and government securities.

Investments by rating category

	2016	2015
		%
Government Securities	68.15	73.91
AAA, AAA-, AAA+	6.40	-
AA, AA-, AA+	25.46	25.99
A, A-, A+	-	0.10
BBB	-	-
Non - performing, Unrated	-	-
	100.00	100.00

Investment in fixed income securities

Investment in treasury bills do not expose the Fund to credit risk as the counter party to the investment is the Government of Pakistan and management does not expect to incur any credit loss on such investments.

2016

2015

Security deposits

Deposits are placed with National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited (NCCPL) and Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) for the purpose of effecting transaction and settlement of listed securities. It is expected that all securities deposited with NCCPL and CDC will be clearly identified as being assets of the Fund, hence management believes that the Fund is not materially exposed to a credit risk with respect to such parties.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Fund's total credit exposure. The Fund's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit-worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk.

Settlement risk

The Fund's activities may give rise to risk at the time of settlement of transactions. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of counter party to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed. Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions in securities is considered to be minimal as the Fund uses brokers with high creditworthiness and the transactions are settled or paid for only upon delivery using central clearing system.

25.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions, if any, at the option of unit holders. The Fund's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Fund's reputation. Its policy is therefore to invest the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed and are considered readily realisable.

The Fund has the ability to borrow in the short term to ensure settlement. During the current year, the Fund did not avail any borrowing. As per NBFC regulation the maximum amount available to the Fund from the borrowing would be limited to fifteen percent of the net assets up to 90 days and would be secured by the assets of the Fund and bear interest at commercial rates.

In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the Fund also has the ability to withhold daily redemption requests in excess of ten percent of the units in issue and such requests would be treated as redemption requests qualifying for being processed on the next business day. Such procedure would continue until the outstanding redemption requests come down to a level below ten percent of the units then in issue. The Fund did not withhold any redemptions during the year.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	June 30, 2016					
	Up to three months	More than three months and up to one	More than one year	Total		
		year (Rupees	in'000')			
Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Central Depository Company	1,673	-	-	1,673		
of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	169	-	-	169		
Payable on redemption of units	47	-	-	47		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	16,395			16,395		
	18,284			18,284		

			June 3	30, 2015	
		Up to three months	More than three months and up to one year	More than one year	Total
			(Rupee	s in'000')	
	Payable to the Management Company Payable to the Central Depository Company	1,859	-	-	1,859
	of Pakistan Limited - Trustee	174			174
	Payable on redemption of units	47	-	-	47
	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	16,824 18,904		<u> </u>	16,824 18,904
5.4	Financial instruments by category				
) . .	rmanetal instruments by category			June 30, 2016	
		Loans and receivables	Assets classified as Available for sale	Assets classified at fair value through	Total
				es in'000')	
	Financial Assets Balances with banks	286,385	_	-	286,385
	Investments	-	296,254	-	296,25
	Profit receivable	18,115	-	-	18,11
	Security deposits	4,053		. <u> </u>	4,05
		308,553	296,254	· -	604,807
				June 30, 2016	
			Liabilities at fair value through profit and	Other financial liabilities	Total
				-(Rupees in'000')	
	Financial Liabilities Payable to the Management Company		_	1,673	1,673
	Payable to the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited-	Trustee	-	169	16
	Payable against redemption of units		-	47	4
	Accrued expenses and other liabilities			16,395 18,284	16,39
				10,204	10,20-
				June 30, 2015	
		Loans and receivables	Assets classified as Available for sale	Assets classified at fair value through -(Rupees in'000')	Total
	Financial Assets			(Teapees III 000)	
	Balances with banks	226,662	_	_	226,662
	Investments		157,674	767,268	924,94
	Profit receivable	15,932	-	-	15,93
	Security deposits	4,053			4,05
		246,647	157,674	767,268	1,171,589

	June 30, 2015			
	Liabilities at fair value through profit and	Other financial liabilities	Total	
	•	Rupees in'000')-		
Financial Liabilities				
Payable to Management Company	-	1,859	1,859	
Payable to Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited- Trustee	-	174	174	
Payable against redemption of units	-	47	47	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		16,824	16,824	
	-	18,904	18,904	

25.5 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Fund is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from book values as the items are either short term in nature or periodically repriced.

International Financial Reporting Standard 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosure requires an entity shall classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

	As at June 30, 2016			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Rupees in '000			
ASSETS				
Investments classified as fair value through				
profit and loss	226,233	259,454	-	485,687
Investments classified as available for sale		296,254		296,254
	226,233	555,708	_	781,941

	As at June 30, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Rupees	in '000	
ASSETS				
Investments classified as fair value through				
profit and loss	109,271	657,997	-	767,268
Investments classified as available for sale		157,674		157,674
	109,271	815,671	-	924,942

26. UNIT HOLDERS' FUND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Unit Holders' Fund is represented by redeemable units. They are entitled to distributions and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per share on the redemption date. The relevant movements are shown on the statement of movement in unit holders' fund.

The Fund has no restrictions on the subscription and redemption of units. There is no specific capital requirement which is applicable to the Fund.

The Fund's capital is represented by redeemable units. The Fund is required by the NBFC Regulations, 2008, to maintain minimum fund size to Rs. 100 million during the life of the scheme. The units issued by the Fund provides an investor with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unit holder's share in the Fund's net assets at the redemption date.

The Fund's objectives when managing unit holder's fund are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for units holders and to maintain a strong base of assets to meet unexpected losses or opportunities.

In accordance with the risk management policies as stated in note 25, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet redemption requests, such liquidity being augmented by short-term borrowings or disposal of investments when necessary.

27. RECLASSIFICATION

Following reclassification have been made in this condensed interim financial information in order to give a better and more appropriate presentation:

	From	То	June 30, 2015 (Rupees in '000)
Sales Load Payable	Accerued expenses and other liabilities	Payable to Management Company	104
Federal excise duty and related tax	Federal excise duty and related tax	Federal excise duty payable on sale load	185
Provison against non - performing debt securities	Income from term finance and sukuk certificates	Provision against non- performing debt securities	1,699

28. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

29. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 05, 2016 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Officer

Director

PATTERN OF HOLDING AS PER REQUIREMENT OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Category	No.of Unit Holders	Units
Associated Companies, undertakings and related Parties		
	-	-
Mutual Funds	-	-
Directors and their spuse (s) and minor children		
Executives	2	1080
	,	400.000
Public sector companies and corporations	6	489,383
Banks, Development Finance Institutios, Non-Banking Finance Companies,		
Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarbas and Pension Funds	88	11,126,597
Unitholders holding 5 percent or more Voting interest in the listed company	-	-
Others	804	7,975,790.58
Omers	0U 4	1,713,170.38
	900	19,592,850

PATTERN OF UNITS HOLDING BY SIZE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

No. of Unit Holder	Unit holdings	Total Units Held
714	1-10000	1,059,106
147	10001-100000	4,865,662
36	100001-1000000	9,444,375
3	1000001 onwards	4,223,707
900		19,592,850

PERFORMANCE TABLE

Performance Information	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Net Assets Value – Rs. in million	1,050	1,131	1,008	1,092
Net Assets value per unit – Rupees	53.61	53.42	52.04	53.16
Closing Offer Price	55.07	54.88	53.48	54.63
Closing Repurchase Price	53.61	53.42	52.04	53.16
Highest offer price per unit	58.30	59.73	54.58	54.62
Lowest offer price per unit	54.90	53.49	53.27	52.63
Highest Redemption price per unit	56.80	58.14	53.11	53.16
Lowest Redemption price per unit	53.50	52.06	51.84	15.92
Distribution per unit - Rs. *	3.10	4.50	6.15	2.51
Average Annual Return - %				
One year	6.14	11.31	8.13	7.16
Two year	8.73	9.72	7.64	7.16
Three year	8.53	8.87	7.64	7.16
Net Income for the year – Rs. in million	59.68	114.74	78.16	83.83
Distribution made during the year – Rs. in million	56.37	84.89	77.22	61.00
Accumulated Capital Growth – Rs. in million	3.31	29.85	0.83	22.83
Weighted average Portfolio Duration (years)	2.3	2.10	2.20	2.40

* Date of Distribution

2010	6
Date	Rate
June 27, 2016	3.1

2015		
Date	Rate	
June 22, 2015	4.50	

2014		
Date	Rate	
July 4, 2013	1.16	
September 27, 2013	0.86	
December 26, 2013	1.93	
March 27, 2014	1.11	
June 27, 2014	1.09	

2013		
Date	Rate	
September 27, 2012	1.05	
December 26, 2012	0.75	
March 26, 2013	0.71	

Disclaimer

The past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investments and returns may go down, as well as up.





Be aware, Be alert, Be safe

Learn about investing at www.jamapunji.pk

Key features:

- Licensed Entities Verification
- Jamapunji games*
- Company Verification
- Insurance & Investment Checklist
- ??? FAQs Answered

- Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE)
- Knowledge center
- Risk profiler*
- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device
- Online Quizzes

jamapunji.pk

@jamapunji_pk



Please find us on



by typing: Bachat Ka Doosra Naam

For any complaint/query/suggestion, please email at mcbah.qa@mcbah.com

MCB-Arif Habib Savings and Investments Limited

24th Floor, Centrepoint, Off Shaheed-e-Millat Expressway, Near K.P.T. Interchange, Karachi-74900 UAN: (+92-21) 11-11-62224 (11-11-MCBAH), 111-468-378 (111-INVEST)

Bachat Center: 0800-62224 (0800-MCBAH), Fax: (+92-21) 35316080, 35316081

URL: www.mcbah.com, Email: info@mcbah.com